

How Do I Reduce Chlorides with Tracking Technology

6/19/2025 - Craig Sandmann

TRACKING 101...



*GPS satellite
returns vehicle
position & speed*



*HTrack™ transfers
spreading data via
mobile network*



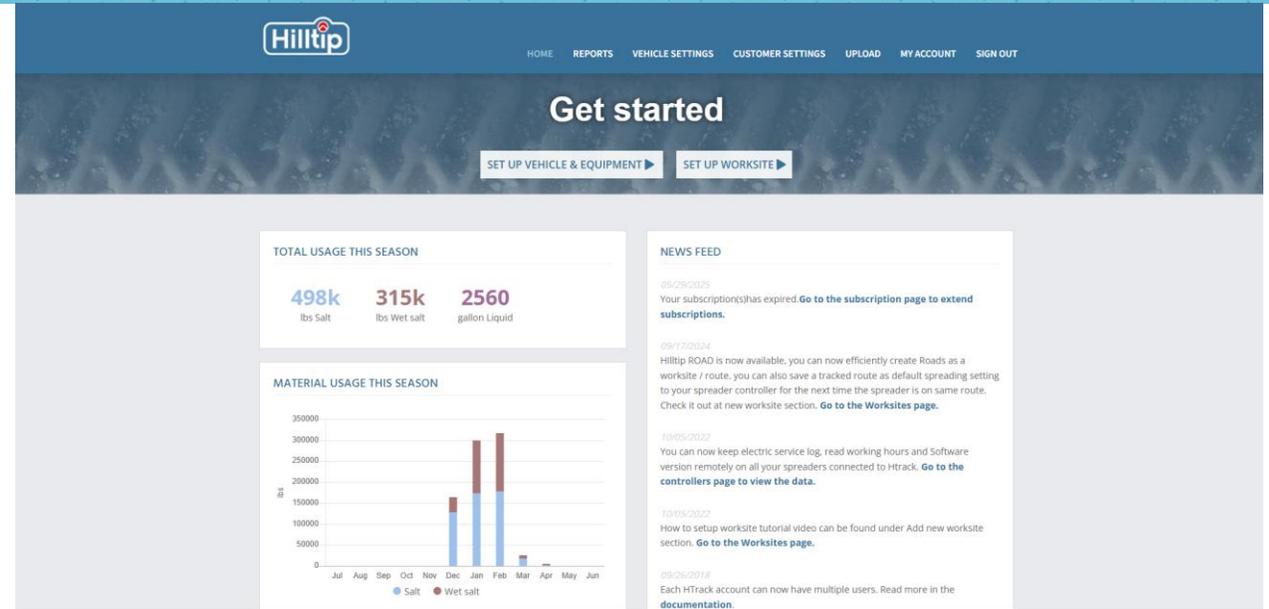
Two primary elements comprise a tracking system...

1. CONTROL INTERFACE



- Records application data/environmental metrics through an encoder.
- Returns position and speed through GPS antenna.
- Transmits data via cellular or Wi-Fi connection.

2. ONLINE USER INTERFACE

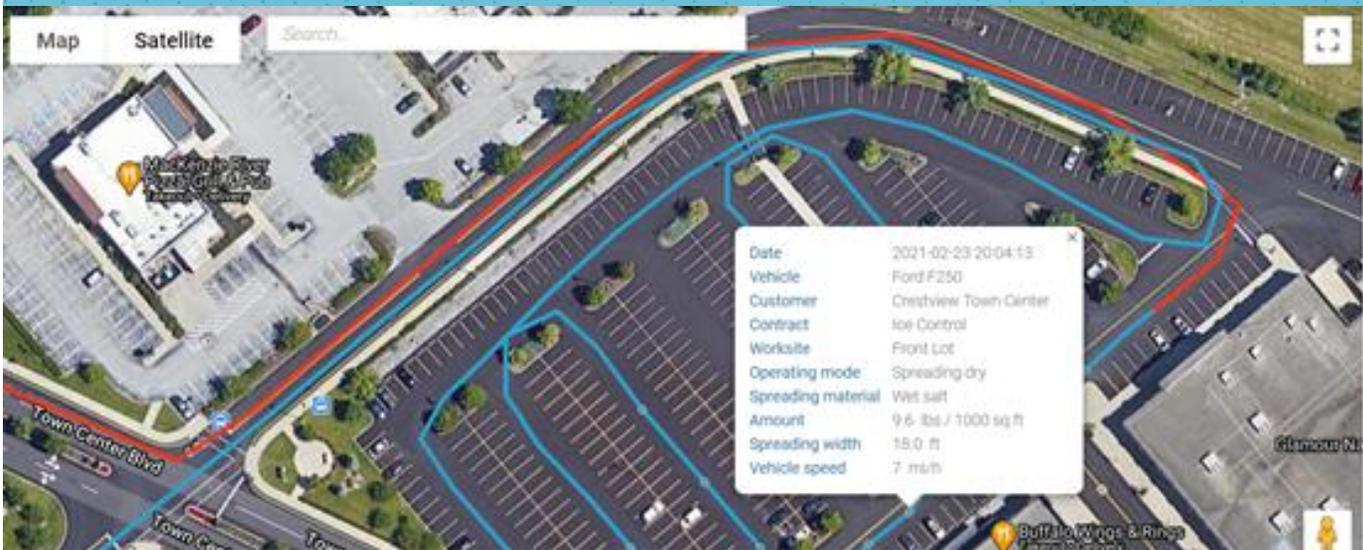


- Receives data from controller and stores to server for reporting.
- Allows for the creation of worksites, customers, contracts.



- Geofencing determines property size.
- Spreading settings determine the amount of material needed on a site.
- GPRS capability allows remote control from user interface to machine.

SIMA 28TH ANNUAL SNOW & ICE SYMPOSIUM



Date: 2021-02-23 20:04:13
 Vehicle: Ford F250
 Customer: Crestview Town Center
 Contract: Ice Control
 Worksite: Front Lot
 Operating mode: Spreading dry
 Spreading material: Wet salt
 Amount: 9.6 lbs / 1000 sq ft
 Spreading width: 18.0 ft
 Vehicle speed: 7 mi/h

TOTAL MATERIAL USAGE	
Dry	8152 lb
Liquid	0.0 gal

DISTANCE	
Spreading	5.6 mi
Driving only	10.8 mi
Total	16.4 mi

TIME	
Spreading	1 h 36 min
Driving only	1 h 52 min
Total	3 h 28 min

EFFICIENCY	
Distance eff.	34 %
Time eff.	46 %

AVERAGE SPEED	
Spreading	4 mi/h
Driving only	6 mi/h

AVERAGE APPLICATION RATE	
Dry	10.1 lbs / 1000 sq ft
Liquid	-

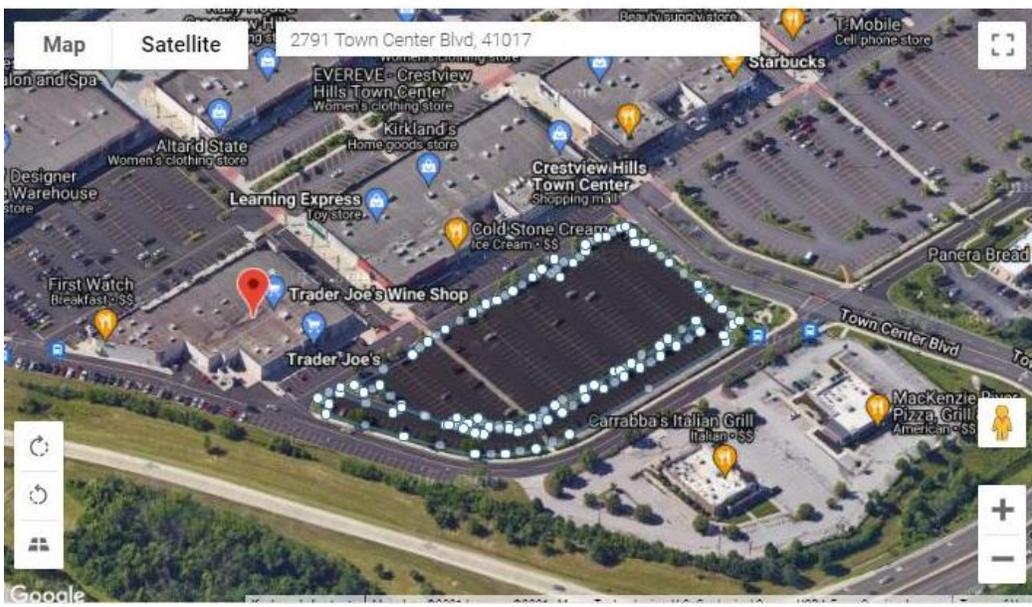
FIRST TIMESTAMP	
Tracking	03/07/2025 05:22:32
Spreading	03/07/2025 05:31:39

LAST TIMESTAMP	
Tracking	04/08/2025 06:42:19
Spreading	04/08/2025 06:41:53

AVERAGE TEMPERATURE	
Road temperature	
Air temperature	
Humidity	

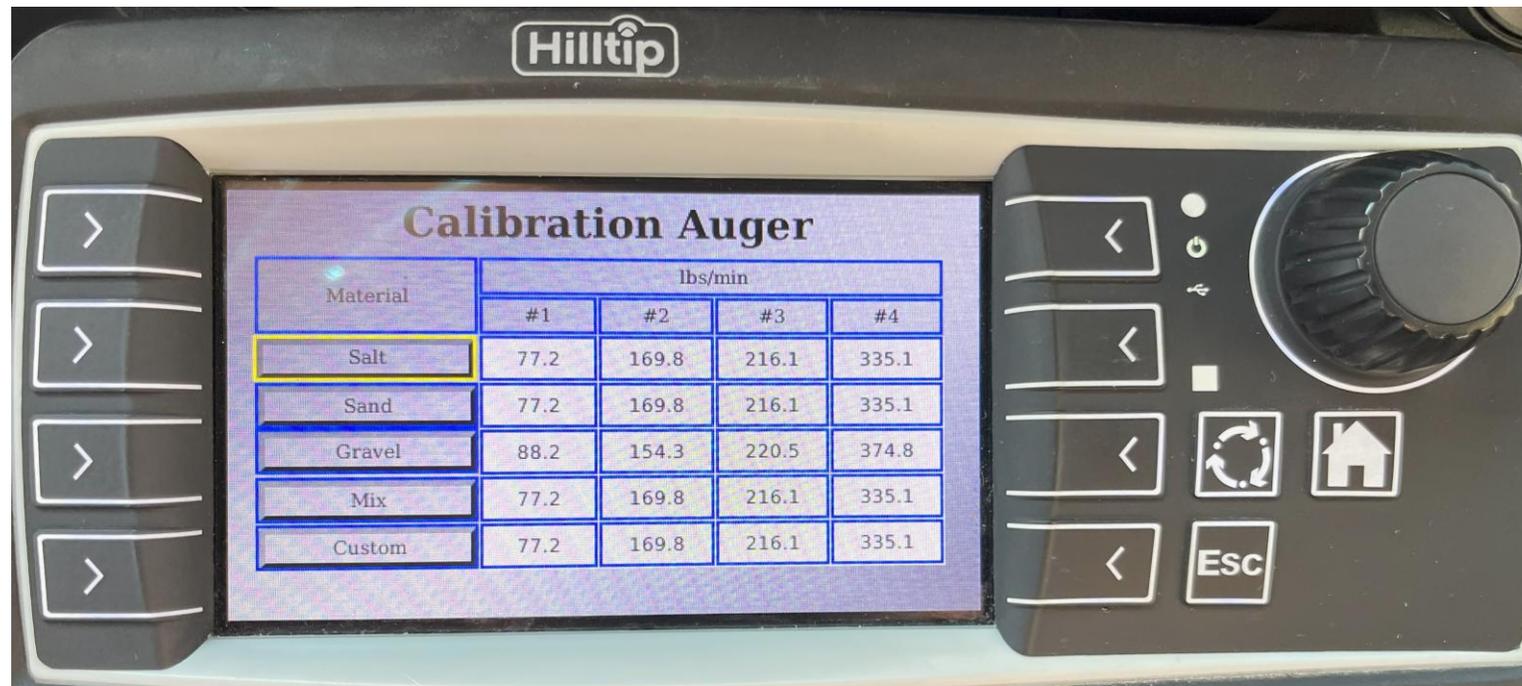
Done Remove
 10,800 sq yd
 Salt: 583 lbs
 Wet salt: 292 lbs
 Sand: 486 lbs
 Liquid: 389 gal
 Gravel: 194 lbs
 Mix: 0 lbs
 Custom: 486 lbs
 Liquid 2: 0 gal

- Map controls**
- Click on the map where you want to create your worksite area
 - Drag anywhere inside the polygon to move it
 - Drag a corner point on the polygon to resize it
 - Drag a point on the side of the polygon to create a new corner point
 - Right click on a corner point on the polygon to delete it



Reducing Chlorides...

Step 1: CALIBRATION



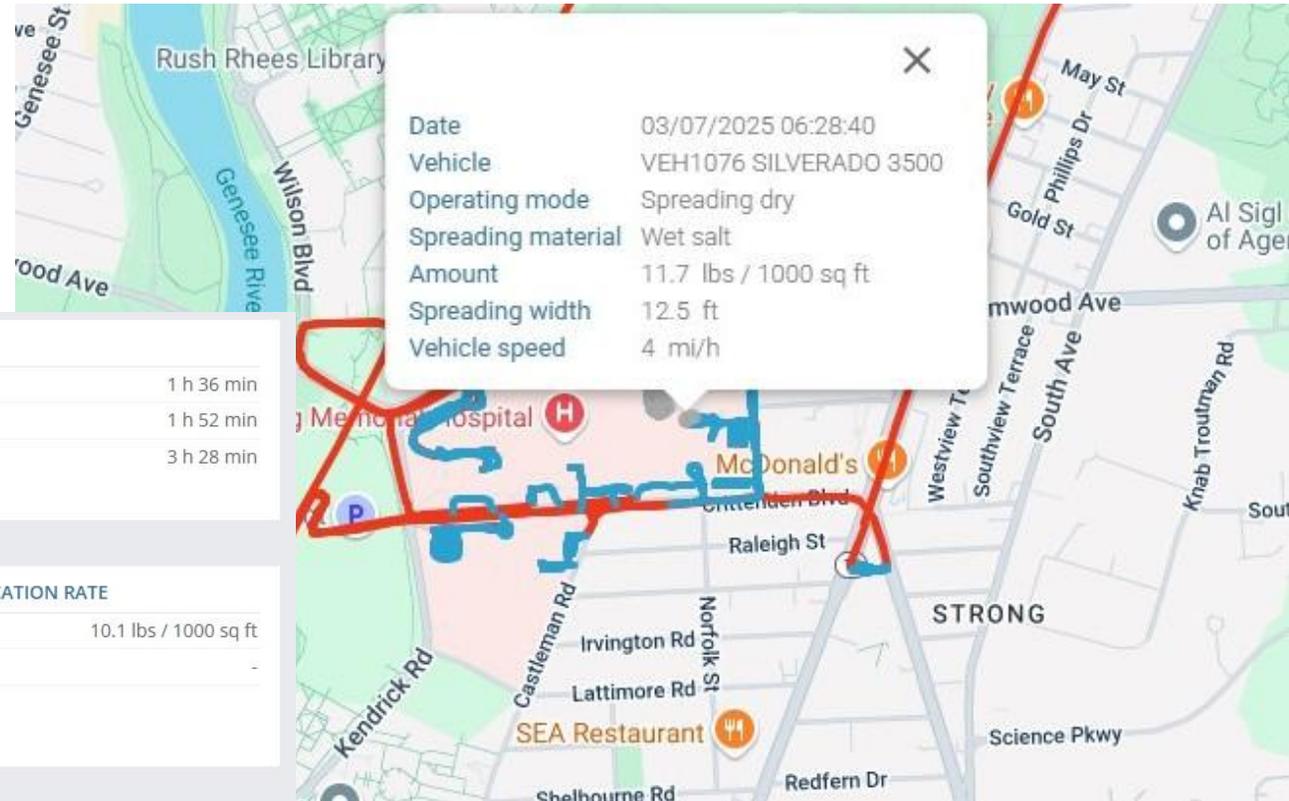
Understand what your equipment is capable of..

- Calibrate the auger/chain at 4 position settings to establish volume.
- Calibrate spinner at 4 position settings to establish distance.
- Calibrate liquid pumps using density of liquid being sprayed.

Step 2: ASSESS THE SITUATION

- How large of an area am I trying to treat for a customer?
- What are their expectations of my company (*clear lot? Zero tolerance?, etc.*)?
- What materials am I using to accomplish the treatment?
- Are you using liquids as part of the treatment plan?
- What efficacies do these materials have and at what temperatures?
- How much material do I typically apply at this site (estimate)?
- What piece of equipment do I plan on using to accomplish the job?

Step 3: KNOW... WHAT YOU DON'T KNOW



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Liquid	0.0 gal

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Humidity	

- Begin by assigning an application rate to a site.
For example, 6 lbs/1000 sq ft with a 10% pre-wetting percentage
- Treat this site with that rate 2-3 times to establish the average on material usage and time for the site.
- Always check the site to ensure that the rate selected is doing the job and refer to the user interface to document the amounts used.
- Once you have established your base line, start adjusting the application rate down (while increasing pre-wetting %)
For example, 5 lbs/1000 sq ft with a 12% pre-wetting percentage

- ***Repeat the process....***
 - Check the site to ensure the rate selected is working.
 - Refer to user interface to document the amount used.
 - Continue to adjust the application rate down (and pre-wet % up).
- Once you establish the lowest rate for treating the site, use this as your new baseline for all applications.
- The user interface will document the progression of the reduction of materials used on any given site.

Step 4: APPLY WHAT YOU'VE LEARNED



START: 03/03/2025 12:00:00 AM

END: 03/07/2025 11:59:59 PM

OPERATING MODE: Include dumping

CALCULATIONS: Average application rate

TYPE: All, Vehicle, Customer, Contract, Worksite

SEARCH

DATE	VEHICLE	SPREADER	REGION	AMOUNT	LIQUID AMOUNT	TIME	DISTANCE	AVERAGE APPLICATION RATE
03/03/2025	UTV7	IceStriker 500		-	-	0 h 30 min	2.4 mi	-
				146 lb Salt	-	0 h 4 min	0.0 mi	-
03/06/2025	VEH2159 KUBOTA UTV	IceStriker 500		-	-	1 h 26 min	8.8 mi	- 7.5 lbs / 1000 sq ft
				736 lb Salt	-	0 h 22 min	1.0 mi	-
03/07/2025	VEH1076 SILVERADO 3500	IceStriker 2000AM		-	-	0 h 59 min	7.1 mi	- 10.1 lbs / 1000 sq ft
				3224 lb Wet salt	-	1 h 5 min	5.8 mi	-
	VEH2111 KUBOTA UTV	IceStriker 380-SS		-	-	1 h 50 min	5.5 mi	- 15.6 lbs / 1000 sq ft
				835 lb Salt	-	0 h 27 min	1.6 mi	-
	VEH2159 KUBOTA UTV	IceStriker 500		-	-	2 h 1 min	13.4 mi	- 13.4 lbs / 1000 sq ft
				1864 lb Salt	-	1 h 6 min	5.1 mi	-
	VEH2143 KUBOTA UTV	IceStriker 380-SS		-	-	0 h 29 min	3.2 mi	- 7.8 lbs / 1000 sq ft
				590 lb Salt	-	0 h 20 min	1.6 mi	-
	UTV5	IceStriker 500		-	-	2 h 29 min	8.0 mi	- 9.6 lbs / 1000 sq ft
				974 lb Salt	-	0 h 34 min	3.9 mi	-
	UTV7	IceStriker 500		-	-	0 h 6 min	0.7 mi	- 17.6 lbs / 1000 sq ft
				118 lb Salt	-	0 h 6 min	0.4 mi	-

- Duplicate the calibration procedure for all machines in the fleet regardless of the make.
- Refer to the user interface to get an average (week/month/season) of the material used, vehicle speed and time on any given site.
- Adjust the settings for auger/chain and spinner on all machines to achieve the correct application rate.
- Advise operators of the optimal speed and time allocation for each site.

- Refer to user interface if any modifications were necessary (application rate, different material, etc.) and apply changes as needed.
- Analyze the data...look for trends that can optimize efficiency.
For example, treating a site after 9 P.M. less passes can be made with a higher spread width.
- Continue to educate yourself on different materials and incorporate them into your operation. Rely on the user interface to document their usage.

IN CONCLUSION...

- 1. Reducing chlorides begins with adopting technology.**
- 2. Calibrate your equipment so you know what it can do.**
- 3. Use the technology to guide you in your understanding of what you are really doing and how it is working.**
- 4. Be disciplined in improving your goal of reductions by analyzing the data it provides.**



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***THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENDANCE!***

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